PRADER-WILLI SYNDROME ASSOCIATION

Key Component for Success with a child with Prader-Willi Syndrome in a School Setting

These notes on working with children with Prader-Willi Syndrome in a school setting are taken from the presentation "Behavior Challenges in a School Setting," written by Mary K. Ziccardi. Ms. Ziccardi is an Executive Director with REM, OH and serves as a behavioral and educational consultant for the Prader-Willi Syndrome Association (USA) working with school across the country to create more effective learning environments for students with Prader-Willi Syndrome.

Key Component for Success with a child with Prader-Willi Syndrome in a School Setting

- 1. Structure and Predictability
- 2. Staff Competencies and Commitment
- 3. Supervision
- 4. Food Security

Structure and Predictability

- Use of written and/or picture schedules
- Limiting choices to two
- School personnel who provide assurance are a "safety net", providing a sense of security
- Predictability reduces overall anxiety

Staff Competencies and Commitments

- Must match personality, training, and desire..."it's not for everyone"
- School staff require ongoing support and updated information
- Build a relationship of trust between home and school

Supervision

- There is no substitute for consistent visual and/or auditory supervision.
- School teams should identify and discuss particularly vulnerable situations (i.e. transportation, bathroom breaks, substitute teacher or aide) and have a preagreed plan.
- Building a relationship with and wanting to be with the student is preferable to just "watching" him/her.

Food Security and Controls

- Transportation
- Holidays, birthdays, special occasions
- Avoiding the "just this once" phenomenon

Four Challenging Behaviors and Solutions

Issue #1: Transitions

- Sudden change in routine or schedule, particularly around food
- Difficulty accepting the change, even if it is a "preferred" activity

Strategies

- Keep schedule and routine predictable
- Have a staff dedicated to the student in order to take the time necessary to work through the changes

- Use logical sequence of events throughout the day <u>Issue #2: Perseveration</u>
- Repetitively asking the same question/saying the same phrase
- Talking about the same topic or event repeatedly
- Playing with the same toy or puzzle over and over again *First Analyze...*
- Is the repetition soothing?
- Does it signal stress and/or an imminent meltdown?
- Is it disruptive?

Once these issues are addressed, then...

- Be certain the child does know and understands the answer/ information
- Ignore when possible
- Write down/use a picture to affirm the answer
- Give the student the "last word" on the subject

Issue #3: Sleepiness and Trouble Paying Attention

Strategies

Work with the school staff to

- Accept this characteristic as one you may have little influence over...but manage the environment by...
 - Presenting high and low movement/activity levels alternately
 - Use highly motivating rewards for particularly difficult times
 - Sit the student close to the teacher/center of activity

Issue #4: Food Management

- Searching for food that is not properly secured
- Seeking garbage and other in-edibles
- Trading/borrowing/swapping for food
- Being victimized for the promise of food *Strategies*
- Keep all lunches out of sight and secured
- Do <u>not</u> use food in the classroom as reinforcers or teaching tools
- Agree with the school that your student only eats/drinks what is sent from home
- Monitor/secure all trash cans
- Discuss in advance and provide additional supervision for holiday parties

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